Assessing with Primary Sources

Grade Level: Grade 6

Standard(s) or CCSS.RI.6.1- Cite textual evidence to support analysis of what the text

Objectives: says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.

Library of Congress Resources:



Exhibit panel, 1913 or 1914? (Exhibitions) http://www.loc.gov/item/ncl2004002775/PP/

Topic Background:

The main law regulating child labor in the United States is the Fair Labor Standards Act. In general, for non-agricultural jobs, children under 14 may not be employed, children between 14 and 16 may be employed in allowed occupations during limited hours, and children between 16 and 18 can be employed for unlimited hours in non-hazardous occupations.

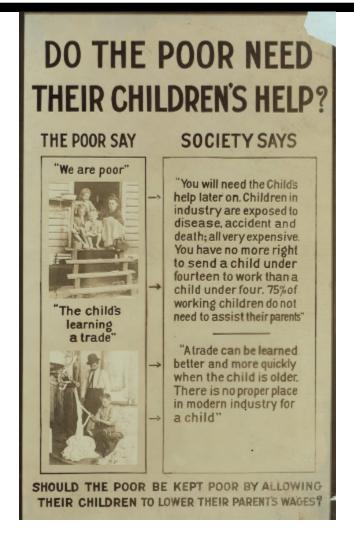
Excerpted from: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Child labor laws in the United States

Source(s) Used:

The source used for this assessment is an excerpt, which is against child labor, stating that it is better not to send children to work in industry under fourteen years of age.

Answer Key: (Possible Responses)

- 1. Children should not work because there is disease, accident, and death in industry, which are all costly.
- 2. Children can learn a profession better when they get older
- 3. Children under fourteen should not work and parents should not need their assistance.



Provide three examples from the text that shows how the author is against child labor. (CCSS.RL.6.1)

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2			
3			